



The Northern Regional Forum



# HALF YEARLY PROGRESS REPORT

Project Number : 321-900-1805ZG

# Women Empowerment Through Access To Livelihood & Rights & Entitlements



**Project Number : 321-900-1805 ZG**

**Reporting Period : December 2022 to May 2023**

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# ABBREVIATIONS

<b>CIG</b>	Common Interest Group
<b>DSSS</b>	Diocesan Social Service Society
<b>FMD</b>	Food Mouth Disease
<b>FFS</b>	Farmer Field School
<b>FIG</b>	Farmer Interest Group
<b>GPDP</b>	Gram Panchayat Development Plan
<b>PMAY</b>	Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana
<b>PRI</b>	Panchayati Raj Institution
<b>PI</b>	Program Implementer
<b>SHG</b>	Self Help Group
<b>UKSVK</b>	Uttar Kshetriya Samaj Vikas Kendra
<b>VDC</b>	Village Development Committee

# INTRODUCTION

This report provides a succinct overview of the changes resulting from the implementation of project activities in the villages. The team has executed targeted initiatives aligned with the project's three objectives across various villages and with the respective communities. This half-yearly report has been compiled by aggregating quarterly reports from the **12** implementing districts. The report encompasses the contributions and involvement of different Community Interest Groups (CIGs). Through this consolidation process, we have highlighted the principal activities project has entered its third year of implementation, this report predominantly focuses on the transformative effects brought about by the interventions in the designated villages.

During the reporting period, community members were engaged in harvesting Rabi (winter) crops, while others were occupied with agricultural labor work. Some family members sought daily wage labor opportunities in nearby cities due to their limited land holdings for agriculture. With the assistance of the project team, people began to access government schemes, resulting in benefit for them. This outcome can be attributed to the training sessions organized by the project.

The implementation of various activities has led to the development of numerous resources within the villages. Selected farmers are now reaping the benefits of these resources. Demonstrations have yielded significant results for farmers, who received support in setting up vermin composting units, horticulture units, organic input units, and crop demonstrations involving different seed varieties.

These demonstration activities have served as a potent source of motivation for other farmers. As a result, some of these interested

farmers have replicated the methods and adopted them for their own cultivation practices.

The interventions, such as interface meetings and capacity-building trainings on various topics, have provided significant support to individuals in accessing government schemes from various departments, particularly in agriculture, animal husbandry, horticulture, and women and child development. The linkage of Self Help Group (SHGs) and Community Interest Groups (CIGs) with different departments has proven to be beneficial, facilitated by the guidance of project teams. This linkage has enabled the initiation of income-generation activities within both groups and among individuals.

Women have taken an active role in participating in project interventions, particularly in training sessions and the management of groups. They are direct beneficiaries of government schemes and are also serving as motivators for others to join them in their pursuit of personal development.

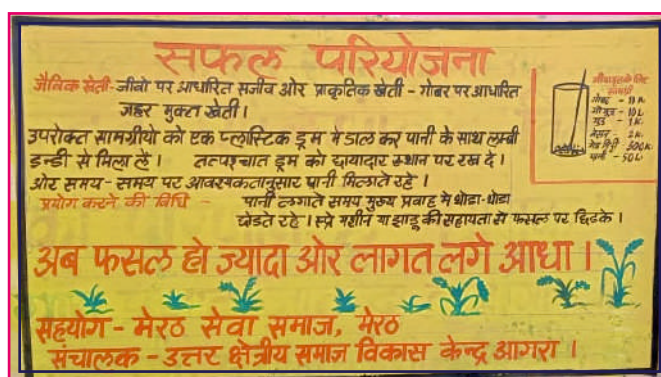


# IMPLEMENTING THE PROJECT ACTIVITIES AND ACHIEVING ITS OBJECTIVES

**Outcome 01: Increased Sustainable Source for 12000 Marginalized families in Twelve Districts of Uttar Pradesh & Rajasthan.**

## **Activity: C.4.B Wall Paintings on Schemes and Organic Farming Methods**

A total of **84** wall paintings have been executed across **16** villages in Varanasi and Dausa. All other villages have successfully concluded this activity. The purpose behind these wall paintings is to disseminate information about government schemes, enhanced agricultural techniques and organic farming practices. This initiative aims to raise awareness among people and encourage the adoption of these methods for their own benefits.



## **Activity: C.5.A Crop Demonstration**

The activity was carried out with the participation of **80** selected farmers from Lucknow. In different regions, the activity was appropriately scheduled during the rainy season for the Kharif crop. The project team closely monitored and followed up on previous demonstrations in each partner village.



## Activity: C.5.B Farmers Field School

Training sessions were meticulously organized for farmers in three partner locations, drawing the participation of **658** individuals. These sessions were facilitated by experts from the Agriculture Department, who imparted knowledge about advanced agriculture techniques.



## Activity: C.5.D Vermin Compost Unit Demonstration

Vermin compost unit demonstrations were conducted in Jhansi for a group of **8** selected farmers. Each farmer was provided support to construct **2** units for producing vermin compost within their respective village. They successfully prepared the compost and utilized it for their crops, subsequently inspiring others to adopt vermin compost units for their own agricultural needs.





## Activity: C.5.E Organic Inputs Demonstration Setup

Demonstration setups for Organic Inputs were established across 4 villages in Dausa; similar activities had been completed in other areas prior to this. A total of 8 demonstrations were conducted, with each farmer receiving sponsorship for 3 PVC drums to create organic tonics for land and crop treatment. Practical training sessions were held in each village, led by experts and the project team, to introduce the organic input methodology. Attendees were instructed on how to produce the organic tonic using a mixture of cow dung, cow urine, bitter leaves, jaggery, and other components. These setups were established to encourage other farmers in the village, aiming to motivate them to initiate their own units upon witnessing the benefits.



## Activity: C.5.F Horticulture Unit Demonstration

Horticulture unit demonstrations were successfully completed during the preceding reporting period. Throughout this current phase, the team has been engaged in monitoring the progress of fruit plant growth and providing guidance to farmers on plant care.



## Activity: C.5.G Livestock Management Training

Implemented through 2 partner organizations, this activity aimed to raise awareness among the community, particularly livestock groups, about managing domestic cattle during periods of illness. Expert trainers were engaged to provide instruction to the targeted community, resulting in the participation of **351** individuals who acquired valuable insights on this subject.



## Activity: C.5.H Improved Livestock Management Training

No activities occurred under this category during the reporting period.

## Activity: C.5.I Fodder Production Training Cum Workshop

There were no activities conducted in this area during the reporting period.

## Activity: C.5.J Goat Rearing Development Training

Conducted in Dausa, this training involved **30** participants from **2** villages. The primary objective was to equip community members with the knowledge and skills required for successful goat rearing, thereby serving as an additional income source for their families.



## Activity: C.5.K Implementation of Revolving Goat model Units

Throughout the reporting period, a total of **32** units were established across **29** villages, with an additional **5** units emerging from the successful rotation of initial units.



## Activity: C.5.L Half Yearly Vaccination Camp Facilitation

Over the past six months, vaccination camps were organized across **96** villages, resulting in the vaccination of **12803** cattle. This initiative was aimed at safeguarding livestock from prevalent seasonal illnesses.



## Activity: C.5.M Exposure Visits

At the partner level, exposure visits were arranged in **3** different locations, involving the participation of **252** individuals. These visits showcased the progress made in improving agricultural quality, organic



farming and livestock management. Participants engaged with local groups, gaining inspiration from the experience.



## Outcome 02: Increased Demand and Access to Service and Entitlements for all Eligible and Marginalized families in Twelve Districts of Uttar Pradesh & Rajasthan.

### Activity: C.6.A Orientation and Training on Government Schemes.

The Project team, in collaboration with **11** DSSS Partners, conducted a total of **88** training sessions to raise awareness among community members about various welfare schemes offered by government departments. A total of **2,698** participants from common interest groups and the



community took part in these trainings. The primary goal of this activity was to equip individuals with knowledge about both state and central government welfare schemes and policies, empowering



## Activity: C.6.B Half Yearly Interface Meetings with Various Departments

With the participation of **1,276** attendees, these meetings were organized to facilitate direct interactions between community members and government officials. These platforms were utilized to share information about diverse welfare schemes, enabling attendees to explore opportunities for improving their lives through the benefits provided by these programs.



## Outcome 03: Improved Performance of Women Representatives in PRI to Promote Good Governance in 31 Gram Panchayat of Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan Through Active Participation of Women Members

### Activity: C.7.A Training and Orientation on GPDP Formulation

These training sessions were conducted across 9 Panchayats and involved 696 participants. Experts from various departments enlightened the attendees about the significance of developing a Gram Panchayat Development (GPD) plan. The methods for creating this plan were also explained during the sessions. As a result, participants were able to draft GPD plans for their respective Gram Panchayats, which were subsequently submitted during Gram Sabha sessions to the Gram Mukhiya (Sarpanch). These plans were accepted and adopted to guide the villages' development efforts.



### Activity: C.7.B Capacity Building Training for CIG Strengthening and Group Management

Strengthening sessions for common interest groups (CIGs) were conducted in collaboration with 3 partner DSSS organizations, with a total of 545 members from different CIGs participating. During these

sessions, resource persons provided training on conducting regular meetings and effectively managing these groups.



## Activity: C.7.C Training for PRI Members Roles and Responsibilities

Conducted to refresh the awareness of Panchayati Raj Institution (PRI) members regarding their duties and responsibilities in village and Panchayat development, 2 training events took place during the reporting period. A total of 77 participants attended these sessions at the Panchayat level, acquiring knowledge about their pivotal roles in serving the community.



## OUTCOME

- ⊙ Farmers in the target area have embraced integrated pest management techniques through both training and practical sessions. By applying this knowledge and utilizing organic pesticides, they have managed to reduce their agricultural input costs. Additionally, their families are benefiting from chemical-free produce, contributing to improved strength and enhanced immune systems in the long run.
- ⊙ Farmers have gained insights into diverse organic farming techniques across different phases (Pre-sowing, sowing, intercultural, harvesting, and post-harvesting) through Farmer Field School (FFS) sessions. They have successfully implemented this knowledge in cultivating various crops, leading to reduced agricultural expenses. FFS sessions have become a platform for theoretical learning as well as practical application. Farmers have also been introduced to various integrated pest management techniques, including the use of locally-produced remedies like Tamra Ark, Jeev Amrit, Matka Khad, Nima Astra and Dashparni.
- ⊙ Farmers have adopted the utilization of vermin compost in their fields, resulting in reduced reliance on chemical fertilizers and the preservation of nutritional content in crops. This approach ensures the availability of organic inputs for other farmers while also decreasing the need for chemical weedicides, pesticides, and insecticides. The simple preparation process, using locally available resources, makes vermin compost a feasible option.
- ⊙ Knowledge gained about commercial farming techniques, such as establishing horticultural gardens as demonstration units, has provided farmers with alternative income sources beyond traditional crops. Farmers have demonstrated diligent care for their fruit plants, with some already enjoying the benefits of their initial harvests.



- ⊙ Farmers have acquired valuable insights into various livestock breeds and their management. Livestock rearers are now knowledgeable about different breeds of cows, buffalos, goats, and sheep. they have begun implementing at least two livestock management practices, such as providing proper shade and utilizing feeding stalls. Improved understanding of fodder cultivation and storage based on seasonal needs has led to systematic fodder growth alongside grain crops, reducing fodder purchasing costs.
- ⊙ Farmers have enhanced their knowledge of improved goat management practices, encompassing breed selection, feeding practices, habitat management, and vaccination, Goat management has become a consistent livelihood option, with livestock rearers raising improved breeds either from goat farms or neighboring villages. This practice has emerged as a significant income resource for the community.
- ⊙ Increased knowledge about deworming and animal vaccination has empowered farmers to adhere to vaccination schedules, effectively preventing seasonal illnesses among their cattle. This initiative has resulted in greater availability of vaccinations at the village level, contributing to lower animal mortality rates and overall improved livestock health.
- ⊙ Practical exposure to innovative agricultural, horticultural, livestock management practices has equipped farmers with the capacity to adopt and benefit from improved methods. This enhanced capacity has expanded income opportunities for families and motivated the younger generation to engage in agriculture, horticulture, and livestock management.
- ⊙ Community members have gained insights into various government schemes, including those related to social security pensions, agriculture, horticulture, livestock, food security, and labor cards. They are now familiar with application procedures, selection criteria, and the benefits offered by these schemes.

- ⊙ Motivational training and orientation efforts have resulted in increased capacity among individuals, leading to greater stakeholder participation in planning, implementing, and providing feedback on project interventions. Stakeholders are actively involved in monitoring project activities.
- ⊙ Both Common Interest Groups (CIGs) and Panchayati Raj Institution (PRI) members have been trained to monitor the improved quality of project implementation and increased community participation in developmental activities. These initiatives have encouraged higher participation in ward sabha and gram sabha meetings, offering a platform for collectively addressing village-level concerns. The sensitization of PRI members regarding their roles and responsibilities has contributed to increased female participation in these meetings.

## OTHER ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED

- ⊙ In March 2023, UKSVK organized review meetings for the Saffal team in Agra. The purpose of these meetings was to assess program implementation, evaluate the impact of interventions, and strategize for the future.
- ⊙ A tailoring center has been established in Ajmer as a means to promote livelihood options for women.
- ⊙ Soil and moisture testing equipment has been distributed to **42** farmers through **2** DSSS organizations. This equipment aids farmers in making informed decisions about cropping by assessing soil conditions and moisture levels.
- ⊙ Certain Self-Help Groups (SHGs) have received financial assistance from government departments and banks. This support aims to enhance their savings and enable them to initiate income-generating activities.
- ⊙ In a specific DSSS, **8** individuals with disabilities have received

support from government departments.

- ⊙ A monetary aid of **Rs. 230,000** has been provided to flood-affected families in the Gorakhpur area.
- ⊙ A **15-day** training session was organized in Bareilly for SHG members, focusing on teaching women how to repair LED bulbs. A total of **22** women participated and gained the skills to repair bulbs.
- ⊙ Women in the project area have undergone training to produce incense sticks and washing powder, diversifying their skill set and potential income sources.



## SPECIAL DAYS OBSERVED

**Kisan Mela:** A Farmers' Fair was organized in Udaipur DSSS in December 2022 to inspire farmers to adopt and learn improved agricultural methods and related practices.

**World Disabled Persons' Day:** On **December 4th**, World Disabled Day was commemorated in various locations to motivate and raise awareness among disabled individuals about their rights and dignity.

**International Women's Day:** On **March 8th, 2023**, programs were conducted in nearly all target area villages to celebrate International

Women's Day. Approximately **5870** women and community members participated. Invited guests and government officials oriented women on their rights, privileges and encouraged unity and mutual support.

**World Water Day:** On **March 22nd**, the project villages observed World Water Day. Meetings were organized in **57** villages to spread the message of water conservation through various means. A total of **3266** participants were educated on responsible water usage, water pollution prevention, and water conservation methods.

**Earth Day:** Celebrated on **April 22nd**, Earth Day was observed in **22** villages to promote environmental protection. Community meetings were held in project villages, where **1987** participants were informed about climate change, water and air pollution causes and effects. The community was encouraged to plant more trees, adopt organic agricultural practices, reduce chemical usage, avoid plastic, and contribute to Earth's preservation.




# LESSONS LEARNED

- ⊙ The relationship between the society and government departments has strengthened significantly, evident through their repeated involvement in training sessions and interface meetings within the project areas.
- ⊙ Team members are actively developing facilitation skills, enabling them to guide the community towards greater participation in various activities.
- ⊙ Team members have honed their capabilities in effective reporting and documentation, ensuring the proper recording of project progress and outcomes.
- ⊙ Meetings conducted by various Common Interest Groups (CIGs) provide an effective platform for individuals to voice their opinions, engage in discussions, and make informed decisions collectively.
- ⊙ People are readily adopting the methods and techniques introduced through diverse demonstrations, thereby enhancing their agricultural and other related practices.
- ⊙ Community members are recognizing the potential benefits of organic farming methods, understanding their advantage for the future. This awareness extends to the positive aspects of organic farming.
- ⊙ The establishment of links with government departments is growing stronger, facilitating community awareness about government schemes related to livelihood improvement.

# CONCLUSION

As the project approaches its final phase with the completion of activity implementations, it is an opportune time to assess the outcomes of the interventions thus far. Notably the target community has exhibited a heightened awareness and commitment to ensuring their active



participation in and contribution to the overall development of their village and panchayats. A particularly encouraging trend has been the increased engagement of women in attending meetings and accessing government schemes. Regular Self-Help Group (SHG) meetings and training sessions have contributed to bolstering the strength of women's groups, enabling them to take a leading role in driving development initiatives within the villages.

Evident changes have emerged in the diverse sources of income for families, encompassing agriculture inputs, livestock management, and participation in government schemes. These shifts have directly translated into improved family incomes. Some initiatives have been successfully completed and are poised to yield even more promising results in the near future. Notably, horticulture gardens are beginning to bear fruit, promising positive outcomes in the coming times.

Another discernible change has been the increased engagement of community members in village governance. Both men and women have shown active involvement in ward meetings and gram sabha sessions, collectively contributing to decisions that directly serve their own welfare and interests. This newfound engagement reflects a pivotal shift towards shared responsibility and empowerment, making a notable achievement for the project.

## ENSURING NUTRITION FROM PLOT TO PLATE...



**M**r. Vijay Singh resides in the village of Solda and serves as the president of the Kasardev Pashu Palak Samu (Livelihood Group). As an engaged farmer within the village, he was selected by the project to receive a vermi compost unit for demonstration purposes.

Vijay Singh diligently set up the vermi compost unit, meticulously following the process outlined during the training sessions. This effort yielded approximately **40** bags of composted manure. He then proceeded to use this compost manure for his Rabi (winter) crop cultivation. Intriguingly, he opted to cease purchasing and employing chemical fertilizers, relying solely on the vermi compost in his fields. This transition allowed him to significantly reduce the input costs associated with crop cultivation, ultimately resulting in the production of approximately **6** quintals of produce per bigha of land.



The evident benefits he derived from this practice instilled confidence in both the effectiveness of compost manure and its production process. As a result Vijay Singh is now motivated to produce more compost manure and utilize it for organic cultivation, a practice that not only yields financial savings but also contributes to sustainable and environmentally friendly farming practices.

*“I express my grateful heart to Saffal project team for providing me the vermi compost unit, and found the production more beneficial, thus motivated to produce more vermi compost, which helped me to change my livelihood”.*

**Mr. Vijay Singh**  
**Solda, Village**



## TRANSFORMING LIVES...



**M**eena devi resides in Nagrora village within the intervention area. She assumes the role of a homemaker, looking after her three daughters, while her husband is engaged in both small-scale farming and daily wage labor. Hailing from a scheduled caste community, Meena Devi possesses minimal education, being able to only write her own name. Given their limited family income, constructing a home was challenge they faced.

The formation of the Maa Santoshi Self Help Group, facilitated by the Saffal project, proved transformative for Meena Devi. She Joined this SHG and actively participated in numerous training sessions and meetings. During one of these SHG gatherings, her fellow members nominated Meena Devi as a candidate for the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY), a housing scheme. The SHG composed an application addressed to the Pradhan, advocating for the construction



of a proper house to replace her family existing hut. This action was initiated by the dedicated women of the SHG, who took proactive measures to ensure her inclusion in the list of beneficiaries eligible for housing support under PMAY.

With the involvement of the Panchayat Secretary, Meena Devi's name was enrolled in the beneficiary list and subsequently submitted for approval. After some time, her application for a new house under the Prime Minister Awas Yojana was



approved. Supported by her group members, she embarked on the construction of her new home. Today she and her family reside in their new house, a symbol of improved living conditions and newfound opportunities. Meena Devi expresses her gratitude for this positive change in her life.

*"I extend my heart felt gratitude to the Saffal project team. Who focused on establishing a sustainable development for under privileged ones and took initiative for their better purpose. Through which I got inspiratin, and this positives change came in my life".*

**Mrs. Meena Devi  
Nagrora, Village**

## RABI CROP (WHEAT) IS BETTER FROM USE OF VERMI COMPOST...



**S**mt. Yashoda Devi, the wife of Jaichan, is a resident of Jiginiya, also known as Shahpur village, located within the Belghat Block. She plays an active role as a member of the Farmer Group, contributing to various agricultural activities of the project. The Saffal project commenced in December 2020 and Yashoda Devi has been involved since the inception, participating in meetings for the formation of Common Interest Groups (CIGs) and subsequently connecting with Farmer Interest Groups (FIGs) and Self-Help Groups (SHGs).

In her field, Yashoda Devi was the beneficiary of a demonstration for Rabi Crops, facilitated by the project. The necessary seeds were supplied as part of the initiative. For this endeavor, she chose the **Sriram-303** variety of wheat, an action taken under the Saffal project.



Engaging in Farmer Field Schools (FFS)

and receiving training on Organic Farming, she became an advocate for adopting practices.

Additionally, Yashoda Devi established a vermicompost demonstration unit, yielding an annual production of **10-12** quintals. The vermicompost she produces is used both in her Rabi Crop Demonstration plot and in cultivating various vegetable crops. The outcomes of her efforts are evident; her crops performed notably better in comparison to those of other farmers. Utilizing vermicompost has translated to reduced crop production costs and minimized reliance on chemical fertilizers.

*“I am very grateful to the Saffal project staff for their unwavering support and motivation throughout her journey. Her story stands as a testament to the positive impact of the project on her agricultural practices and livelihood”.*

***Mrs. Yashoda Devi  
Shahpur, Village***

## ORGANIC INPUT (PESTICIDE DASPARNI ARK GIVES BETTER RESULT...



**M**r. Ram Bhajan, the son of Sri Shyamlal, is a resident of Tarkhop village within the Belghat block, where he is actively engaged as a farmer. His involvement with the Saffal project began in December 2020 when he participated in the Common Interest Group (CIG) formation meeting and subsequently joined the Farmer Interest Group (FIG).

Driven by his commitment to sustainable farming practices, Ram Bhajan took part in the Farmer Field Schools (FFS) and Organic Farming training sessions facilitated by the project. These experiences inspired him to embrace the principles of organic farming.



A notable aspect of Ram Bhajan's farming approach is his preparation of organic pesticides for pest control, which he applies to his vegetable

plot. This strategy has yielded improved results for his crops, reflecting healthier plant growth and enhanced yields. His success underscores the benefits of employing organic methods in agriculture.

*“I am very grateful to the Saffal project staff for their continuous support and motivation. His journey showcases the positive outcomes of his dedication to adopting organic farming techniques, thereby enhancing the sustainability and productivity of his agricultural endeavours”.*

**Mr. Ram Bhajan  
Tarkhop, Village**

# Photo Gallery







## अमरवाणी पूर्णवास केंद्र के तत्वावधान में इंटरफेस बैठक का हुआ आयोजन



जनबिन्दु, 23 फरवरी

मरदह (गाजीपुर)। बुधवार को कृषि उप केन्द्र के सभागार में अमरवाणी पूर्णवास केंद्र ताजपुर के तत्वावधान में इंटरफेस बैठक का आयोजन किया गया। बैठक में प्रभारी एडीओ पंचायत नवीन कुमार सिंह ग्राम पंचायत में संचालित योजना पर विस्तार पूर्वक प्रकाश डालते हुए कहा कि ग्रामीण लोगों के लिए वृद्धा विधवा विद्यांग पेंशन योजना का लाभ मिल रहा है अपने गांव के लोगों जानकारी दिजिए ताकि कोई पात्र व्यक्ति वंचित न रहे एडीओ एजी नवनीत तिवारी ने प्रधानमंत्री सम्मान योजना तथा प्राकृतिक खेती पर प्रकाश डालते हुए किसानों को बताया कि ईकेवाईसी करायें और प्राकृतिक खेती से जीवन से जीवन को सुखी एवं समृद्ध करें। पशु चिकित्सक डा. सत्यप्रकाश सिंह ने राष्ट्रीय गोकुल मिशन योजना, पशुओं को फ्री गंधार्धान, सारा रोग, परजीवी रोग के बारे में पशुपालकों को सुझाव व बचाव के बारे में बताया। इस मौके पर फादर प्रेमचंद, पंकज सिंह, राजेश सिंह यादव, शैलेश यादव, जयप्रकाश, संजय वर्मा, आरती, विनोद आदि अपने विचारों से पशुपालकों व किसानों को अवगत कराया।

## सफल परियोजना के अंतर्गत चयनित गांव में उर्द का प्रमाणित बीज किया वितरित



नवीन परिकारों को बीज वितरण करते हुए

**श्री इंदिया संवाद**  
लखीपुरा अतिथि केंद्रीय सेवा समान झोपड़ी द्वारा संचालित सफल परियोजना के अंतर्गत मदावारा क्लार्क के ८ चयनित गांव उदनासूद, सोला, नवाखेड़ा, ठमना, हीरापुर, बार्ड, बनगुवा और पावाडा के ८० चयनित सरसि गौड़, सहरीच आदिवासी किसानों को ६ किलोग्राम प्रति व्यक्ति के

किसाब से कुल ४ क्विंटल ८० किलोग्राम उर्द का प्रमाणित बीज वितरण किया गया। बीज वितरण के दौरान परियोजना कोऑर्डिनेटर ब्रदर बर्थो, एग्जिक्यूटिव डायराम कुलकावा, मुन्नाबन बाने, जय पंचायत प्रतिनिधि पवन यादव, रघुवीर खडव राजू यादव, सागराज गौड़, देवराज गौड़, भागीरथ, चमनलाल सारिया का सरासरी सहयोग रहा।



## स्वस्थ जीवन जीने को किया प्रेरित

रोहटा। योग दिवस के अवसर पर रॉक रोहटा स्थित महात्मा ज्योति बाबा स्पोर्ट्स केंद्र में आयोजित कार्यक्रम में योग सिखाया गया। योग संधकों को मुख्य अतिथि मनोज कुमार ने विभिन्न योग क्रियाओं के माध्यम से स्वस्थ जीवन जीने के लिये प्रेरित किया। डॉ. कावेराज बन्तु एडवोकेट, मनोज कुमार, बन्तु एडवोकेट, लोकेश्वर यादव, आकाश शर्मा, शरदकान्त शर्मा, शशांक, लक्ष्मी, उज्वल, हनी, संसकार, अभिषेक आदि रहे।

## किसानों को वितरित किये फलदार पौध

सतरंगी दुनिया, अमरिया

ब्लॉक अमरिया के ग्राम पंचायत कैमोर में उत्तर क्षेत्रीय समाज विकास केंद्र आगरा और सहयोगी संस्था सुचेतना ने किसानों को फलदार पौध प्रदान की। बागवानी की जानकारी से प्रेरित होकर 14 किसानों को बागवानी के लिए अमरुद नींबू आम आंवला आदि कई प्रकार के पौधे मझोला पौधशाला से दिलाए गए। किसानों ने महत्व और लाभ के बारे में समझा। किसानों ने बागवानी के लिए मांग की। इसलिए उन किसानों को संस्था की कोऑर्डिनेटर सिस्टर एडलिन वारा और कार्यकर्ता हेमराज और फतेहचंद की मौजूदगी में पौधे दिए।

## सरकार की योजनाओं के बारे में जागरूक किया

रोहटा, संवाददाता। उत्तर क्षेत्रीय समाज विकास केंद्र आगरा के तत्वावधान में सफल योजना के तहत रविवार को रोहटा ब्लॉक सभागार में इंटरफेस कार्यक्रम का आयोजन किया गया। जिसमें केंद्र व प्रदेश सरकार की विभिन्न योजनाओं के बारे में जागरूक किया गया। कार्यक्रम के मुख्य अतिथि पशु चिकित्सक/आयुर्वेदिक चिकित्सक रहे।

## सफल परियोजना कार्यक्रम के तहत ग्रामीण पशुपालकों दी जानकारी



वी पी एस खुराना स्वतंत्र पत्रकार, साईं मीडिया, ब्यूरो, मथुरा। जनपद की तहसील महावन में उत्तर क्षेत्रीय समाज विकास केंद्र एवं कैथोलिक डायसिस समाज सेवा संस्था के माध्यम से सफल परियोजना बलदेव एवं राया ब्लॉक के दस गांव में चल रही है जिसके माध्यम से आज दिन मंगलवार को इंटरफेस बैठक का आयोजन अजयनगर, फातिमा विद्यालय में किया गया। जिसमें कृषि विज्ञान केंद्र से डॉ रविंद्र राजपूत, पशुपालन विभाग से डॉ हरीश निरंकारी, डॉ विष्णु, दिनेश कुमार, राहुल कुमार रामपाल एवं विजेन्द्र सिंह और अन्य ग्रामीण आबादी में रहने वाले लोगो ने बैठक में भाग लिया जिसमें बलदेव ब्लॉक से वीना मैडम, परियोजना स्टाफ सि उर्मिला, मिस अर्पिता बसक, सीमा एवं मिस्टर अर्जुन सिंह, हयातपुर से हरपाल, घड़ीहयातपुर से अमरपाल सिंह, अजयनगर से उमेश रावत, मुबारकपुर से देवी सिंह, नगला काजी से प्रेमा देवी, प्रेम नगर घनश्याम, रामनगर बच्चूसिंह, एवं परियोजना क्षेत्र के सत्तर से अधिक किसानों एवं पशुपालकों ने जैविक खेती के प्रति, पशुओं के विषय, महिला समूह के बारे में जानकारी प्राप्त की।

## गेंहू बीज वितरण कर किसानों को जैविक खेती के लिए किया जागरूक

(अहमद हुसैन) सरधना (मेरठ)। समाजिक संस्था उत्तर क्षेत्रीय समाज विकास किसानों को गोष्ठी के माध्यम से जैविक खेती के लिये भी प्रोत्साहित किया गया। रविवार को आयोजित की उर्वरा शक्ति में बढ़ि होती है। साथ ही खेती में पोषण, कैल्शियम क्षमता बढ़ने से उसमें बोये जाने वाली फसल से मनुष्य में होने वाली विभिन्न बीमारियों से लड़ने के लिए रोगप्रतिरोधक क्षमता बढ़ती है। इस मौके पर दमगढी, मिर्जापुर, रासना, नारंगपुर, मीरपुर आदि गांवों के दो दर्जन से अधिक किसानों को अगैती गेंहू खेती का 303 बीज का निःशुल्क

केंद्र आगरा के तत्वावधान में रविवार को बीज वितरण में गोष्ठी को सम्बोधित वितरण किया गया। इस अवसर पर

व्यवस्थापक, अमरिया। अमरिया क्षेत्र ग्राम पंचायत फरियन में उत्तर क्षेत्रीय समाज विकास केंद्र आगरा व सहयोगी संस्था सुचेतना के कार्यक्रमों फोटो व वीडियो के द्वारा ज्ञान सभा की केन्द्र गवर्नर। बैठक में 28 लोग सहित ज्ञान सभागार सैक वार्ड मेर सहाय्यक यमनोद और स्कूल टीचर उपस्थित रहे। संचालक किरण गंगवार द्वारा सारकारी योजनाओं के बारे में जानकारी प्रदान किया गया। कार्यक्रम के मुख्य अतिथि पशु चिकित्सक/आयुर्वेदिक चिकित्सक रहे।





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